



#### Roadmap

- 5 mini sessions
- 1. Thinking adaptively
- 2. Change Leadership
- 3. Shifting upstream
- 4. Exploring root causes
- 5. Planning for upstream impacts





#### Learning Objectives

- Explain key characteristics of adaptive leadership and list one central way they can approach a complex challenge in their setting from an adaptive mindset;
- Explain different preferences related to change and can list one way they can apply an assets -based approach to their work;
- Participants can identify and explain how to use one tool to help explore a nutrition challenges' root causes;
- Participants can explain how to apply a change management process to Policy, System and Environmental work.



# Acknowledgements

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# Session 1: Thinking Adaptively

jh jh

#### What does strategic mean to you?



# What if?

- Everyone can do extraordinary work
- Everyone can be a strategic decision maker
- Every leader can cultivate an environment where everyone is making strategic decisions

Source: The Five Choices, Kogon, Merrill and Rinne, 2015

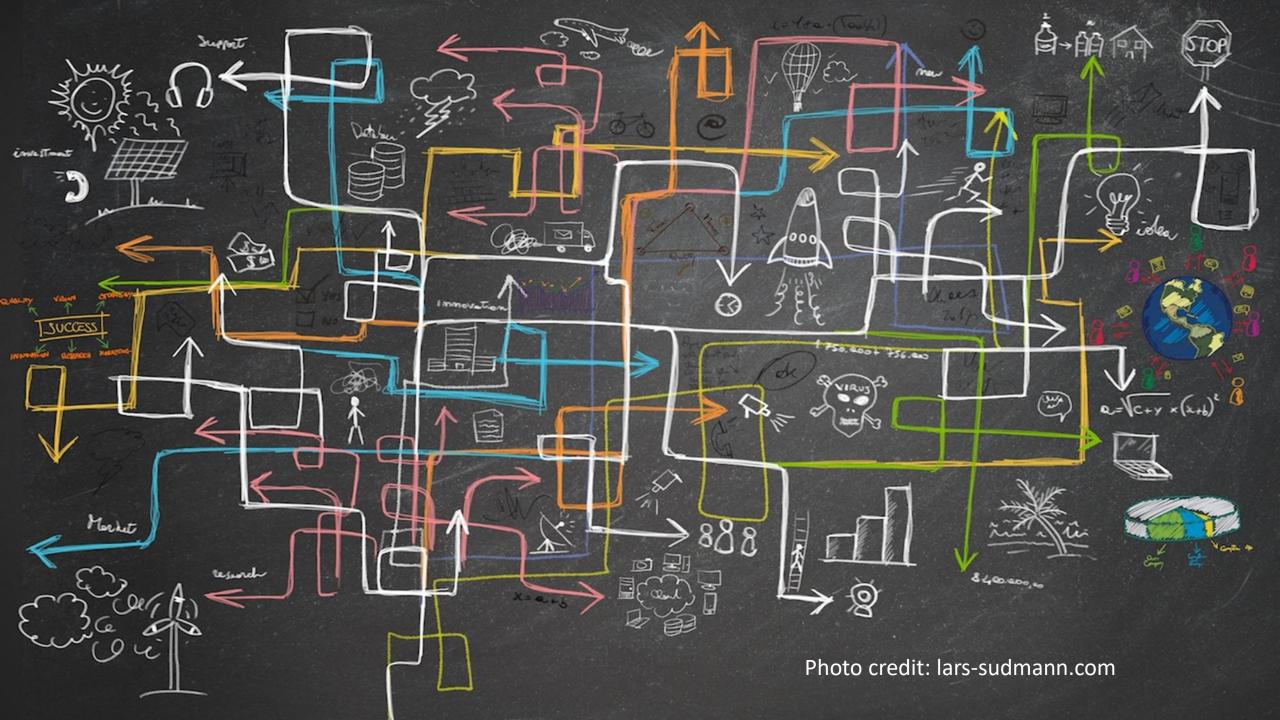
Photo credit:: Pixabay





## Consider a challenge





# Adaptive Leadership

There are different ways to address problems.



# Adaptive Leadership



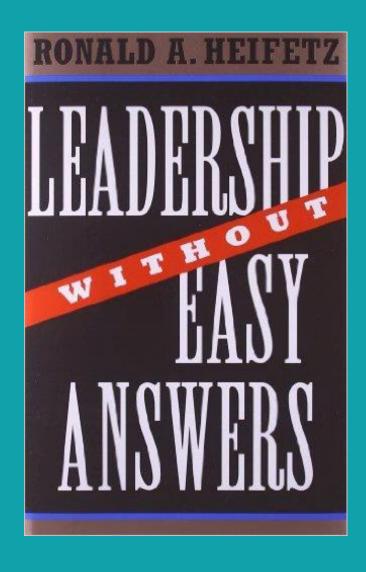


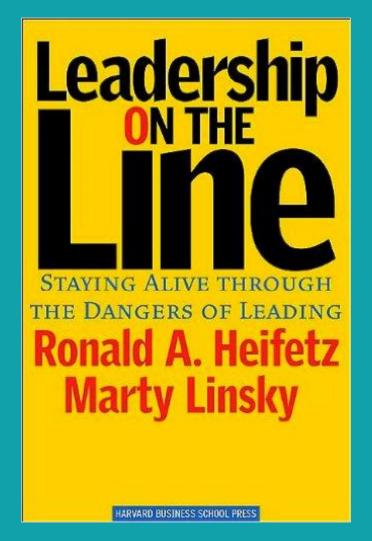


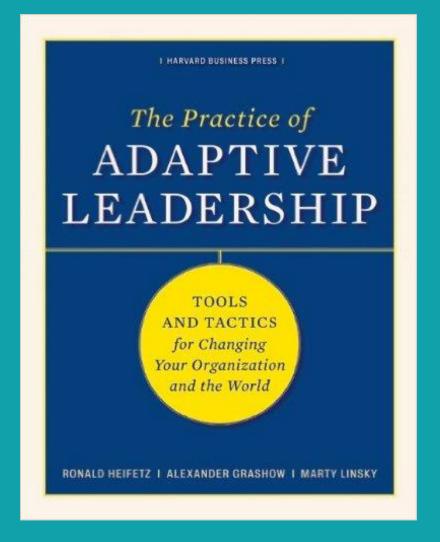
# Adaptive Leadership

New information, new ways of thinking, new behaviors and new approaches are required.





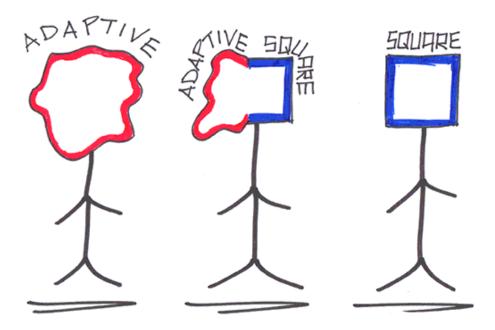






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### THINKING APPROACHES



STUART PATTON







Technical and Adaptive Challenge Overview	
<u>Technical Challenge</u>	Adaptive Challenge
Easy to identify	Difficult to identify (easy to deny)
Quick and easy solutions	Requires changes in values, beliefs and approaches to work
Requires small changes within known boundaries	Require a lot of changes across many, sometimes unknown, boundaries.
Can be solved by expert or 'authority'	Solved by people with the problem
Solutions can be implemented quickly	No quick fixes, requires constant experimentation



How will we staff the summer lunch program for kids experiencing food insecurity?

**VERSUS** 

How will we ensure kids don't go hungry this summer?



How can bring pop up farmers markets to food desert areas?

**VERSUS** 

How can we eliminate food deserts?



How can we eliminate food deserts?

**VERSUS** 

How can we effectively address poverty?



# Leadership Levels

Level 2:

Level 1:

**Belong**Align with others
Follow

**Control** 

Direct others
Manage
Have an impact
Get results

Level 3:

Transform

See and use systems Understand others Change and use myself

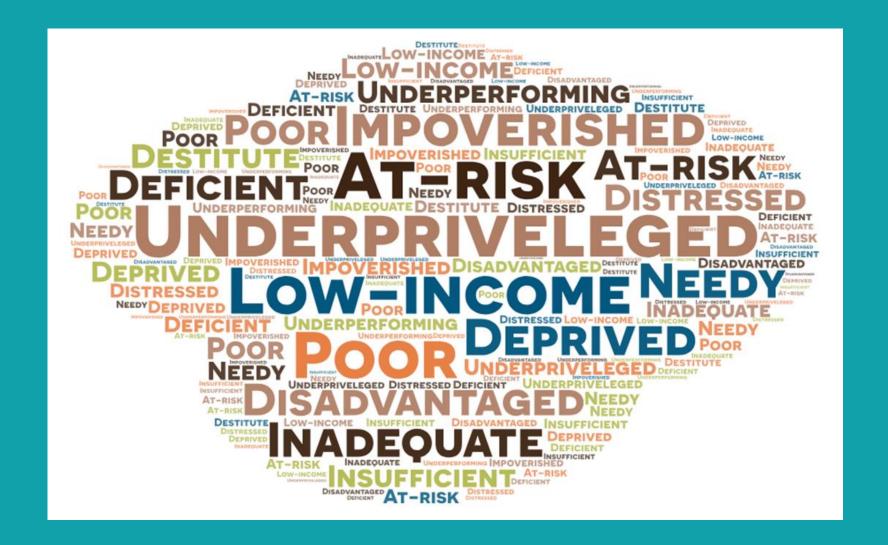




# How to lead from an adaptive mindset

- Recognize adaptive challenges
- Focus others on the key question
- Cook the conflict
- Manage emotions







What are some adaptive actions you can take to learn more about your challenge?



# What is possible....

- ✓ Everyone can do extraordinary work
- ✓ Everyone can be a strategic thinker
- Every leader can work with their teams to cultivate an environment where everyone is thinking strategically



# Session 2: Change Leadership

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## Change Leadership



## Change is occurring at all levels

All at once

Layered

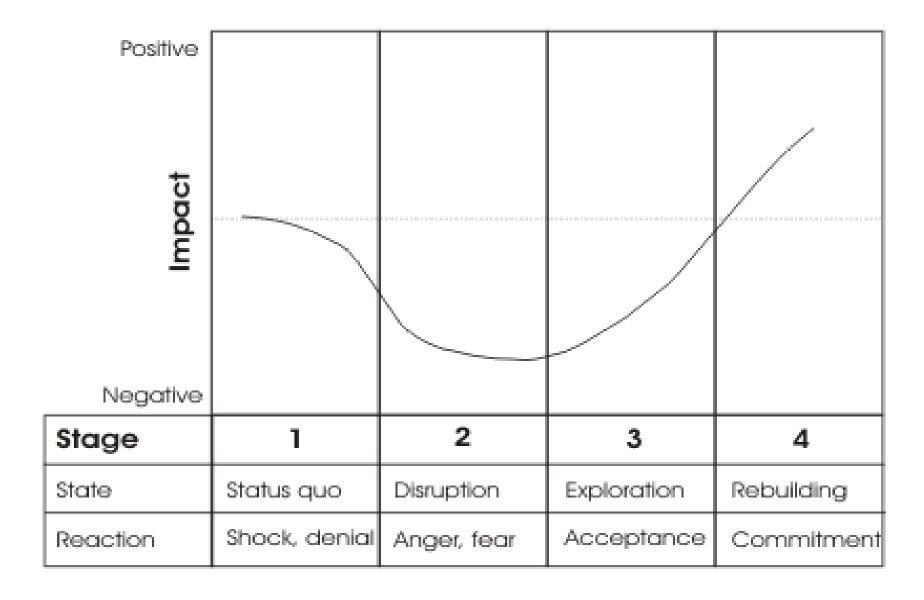


# Key areas of successful change Management

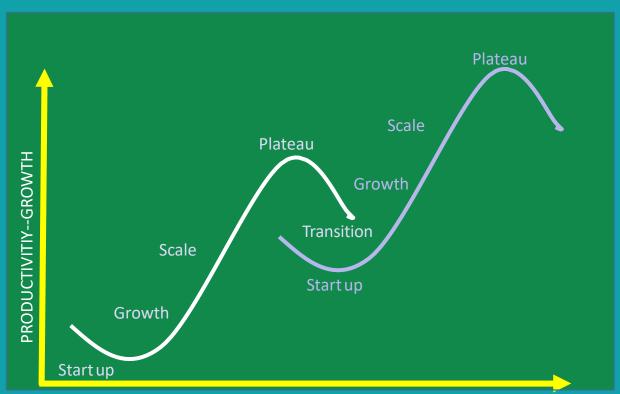
- 1. Understanding Change
- 2. Planning Change
- 3. Managing Resistance to Change
- 4. Implementing Change



#### The Change Curve

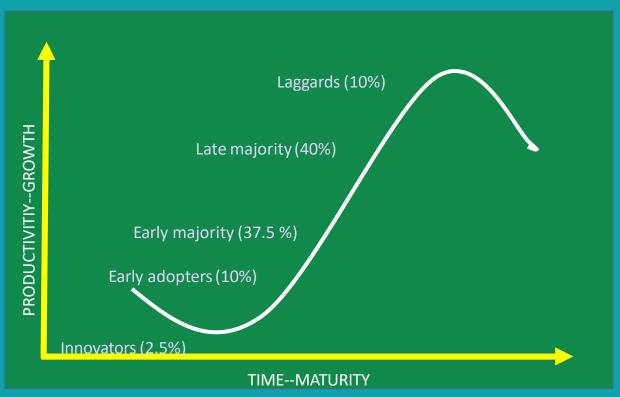


#### Learning and Innovation





#### Adoption of Learning



# #1 Understanding Change

Investing in the WHY early and consistently pays off in dividends later....



#### Change is a Process

Resistance is any opposition to a shift in the status quo

There are two kinds of resistance: Individual and Organizational



## How do you get change ready?

#### **Understanding Change**

- Think about how people react to change
- Address emotional component

#### Plan for Change

- Impact Assessment
- Stakeholder buy in



## Collective Buy In





# #2 Planning Change

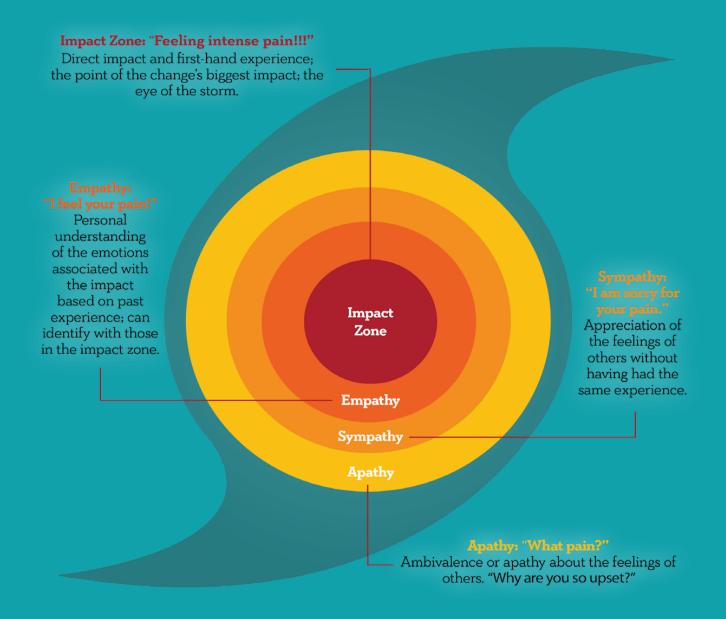
- ✓ Think through potential impacts.
- ✓ How might you manage the consequences?



# #3 Managing Resistance

- Why the change is necessary
- Share the vision
- Obtain buy in from stakeholders early
- Put some helpful draft tools in place







# When you have resisted change, what was the reason?

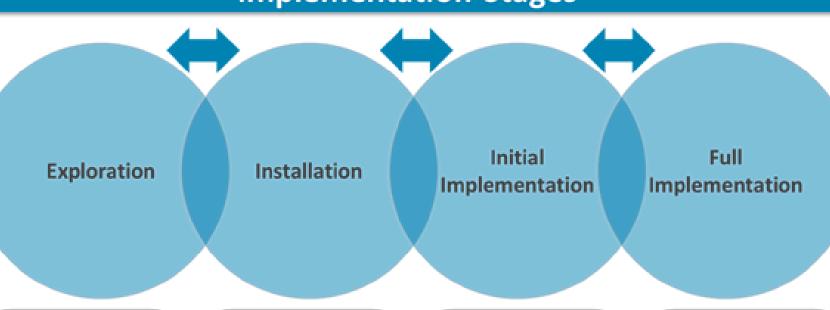


# #4 Implementing Change

- Conduct learning assessments
- Consider phases
- Produce short-term wins
- Build on change
- Anchor changes into the organizational culture



#### **Implementation Stages**



- Assess needs
- Examine intervention components
- Consider Implementation Drivers
- Assess Fit

- Acquire Resources
- Prepare Organization
- Prepare Implementation Drivers
- Prepare Staff

- Adjust Implementation Drivers
- Manage Change
- Deploy Data Systems
- Initiate Improvement Cycles

- Monitor & Manage Implementation Drivers
- Achieve Fidelity & Outcome Benchmarks
- Further Improve Fidelity & Outcomes

2-4 Years



# Helping others navigate change





## Change Style Preferences

CONSERVERS	PRAGMATISTS	ORIGINATORS
Accept the structure	Explore the structure	Challenge the structure
Prefer change that is incremental	Prefer change that is functional	Prefer change that is expansive

#### Conservers

#### Facing Change

- Prefer current structure
- Enjoy predictability
- Seem Cautious
- Focus on details
- Organized
- Conventional assumptions
- Honor tradition and values

#### Blindspots

- Rigid thoughts and action
- Discourage innovation
- Focused on present
- Perfectionist
- Paralysis by analysis
- Overly focused on small details and inconsistencies



# Pragmatists

#### Facing Change

- Practical, agreeable, flexible
- Prefer workable outcomes
- Focused on results over structure
- Mediators and catalysts
- Sees both sides
- Middle of road approach
- Team oriented

#### Blindspots

- Indecisive and undirected
- Does not promote ideas and priorities enough
- Tries to please too many people at the same time
- Appears noncommittal
- Can be easily influenced
- Negotiates compromise that is too middle of the road



# Originators

#### Facing Change

- Challenge current structure
- Sees policies and procedures as optional
- Enjoys risk and uncertainty
- Challenges accepted assumptions
- Appears visionary

#### Blindspots

- Seen as undisciplined, unorganized
- Seems impractical and misses deadlines
- Ideas over details
- Impractical



### How can you increase your flexibility?



# Session 3: Shifting Upstream

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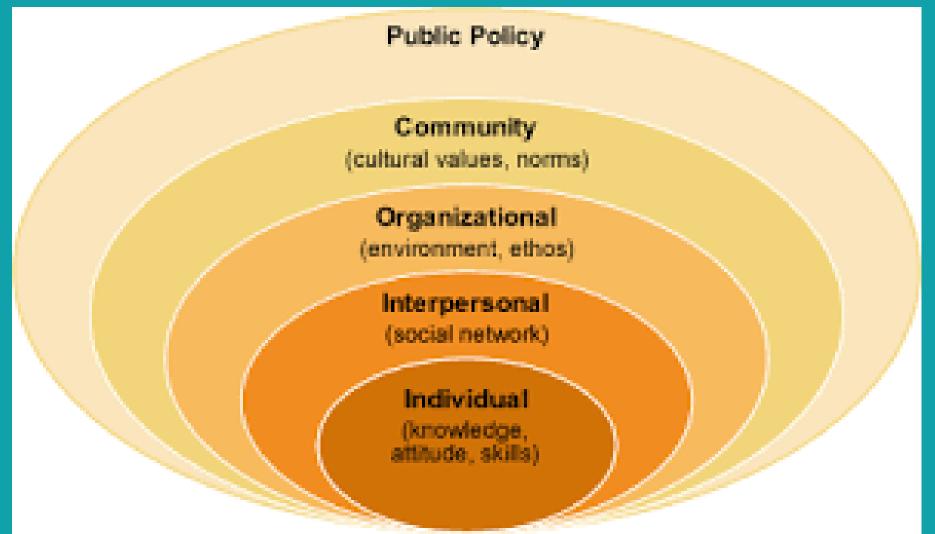
## Why upstream?



It is <u>not</u> your job to solve the complex problem.

Instead, your job is to make sure your people are focused on the right QUESTIONS and that you are maximizing their strengths to generate the best ideas and ways forward.





# Strategic Questions

Are you asking the right questions?

Are they strategic enough?



# Does it allow more than one "right" answer?

**AUTHENTIC** 



Is it big enough?

HIGH-LEVEL



# Does it feel motivating, exciting, and/or scary?

ENGAGING



# Does it resonate with assessment work?

RESPONSIVE



What if we ignore it?

**ESSENTIAL** 







### Strengths Zone

#### **Talents**

Innate gifts that serve as the foundation of strengths

# Talents become strengths when we....

Practice, study, develop skills





# EXECUTING INFLUENCING

RELATIONSHIP BUILDING STRATEGIC THINKING

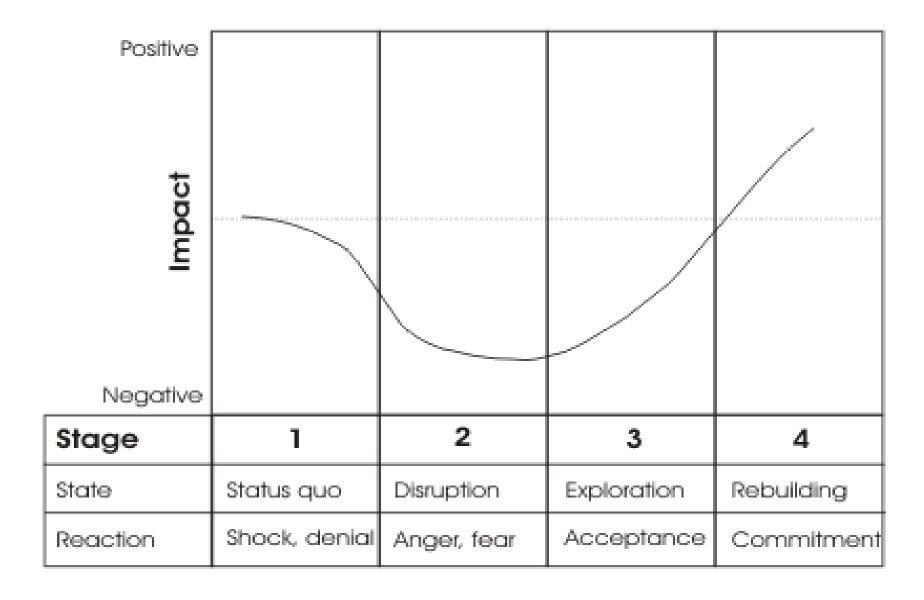
**Achiever** Arranger Belief Consistency Deliberative Discipline **Focus** Responsibility Restorative

Activator Command Communication Competition Maximizer Self-Assurance Significance Woo

Adaptability Connectedness Developer **Empathy** Harmony Includer Individualization **Positivity** Relator

Analytical Context **Futuristic** Ideation Input Intellection Learner Strategic

#### The Change Curve



## Session 4: Exploring Root Causes

jh)

### Strengths of Systems Approaches

#### **Broadening perspectives**

- Create collective understanding of the problem and potential solutions
- Collective modeling

#### **Digging Deeper**

- Engage and accept complexity
- Examine dynamics and relationships

#### **Choosing Interventions**

Moving past outcomes and towards impacts



### Types of Systems Thinking Tools

- Whole system mapping
- Circle of Care
- 5 Rs
- Network Map
- Problem Tree/Objectives Tree
- Causal Loop Diagramming
- Concept Mapping and Impact Matrix



#### Whole System Mapping

What happens to this target group in my agency?

For whom do we provide services?

Where are the services provided?

When?

Who delivers

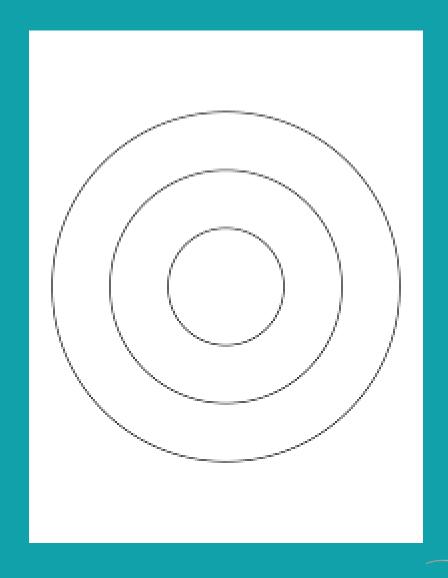
What are the process and longer -term outcomes?

Who funds this service?



#### Circle of Care

Target audience
Services provided
Supports



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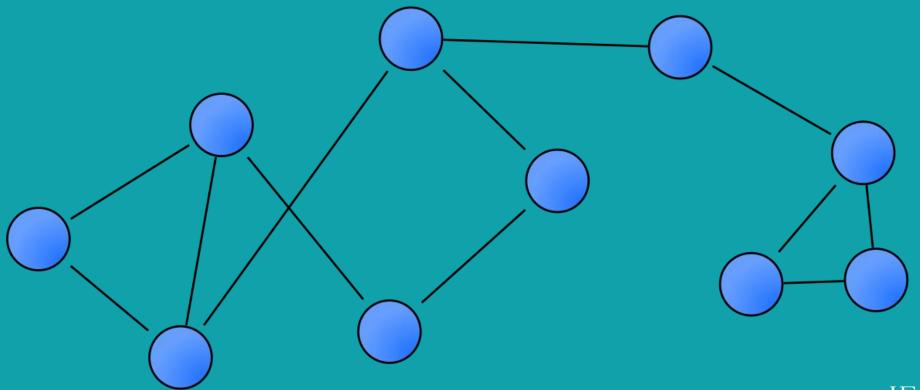
## The 5 R's

Roles
Relationships
Resources
Rules
Results



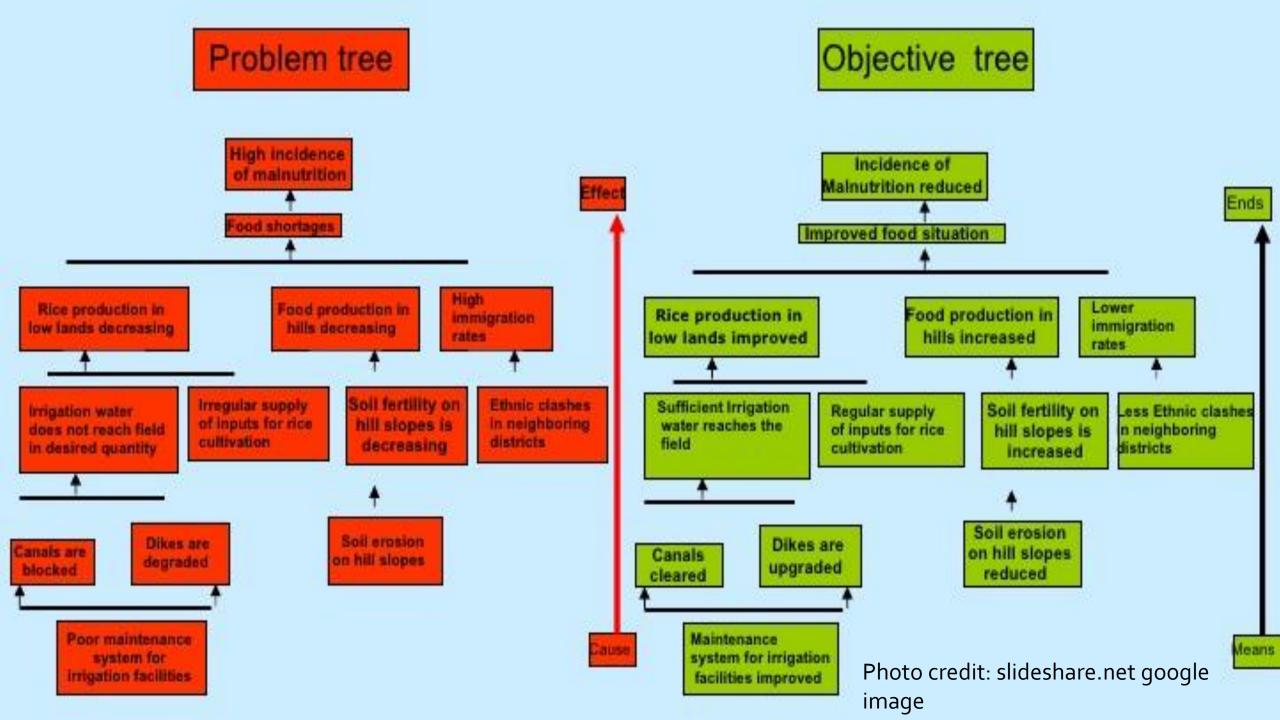
#### **Network Mapping**

## Individual



Systems Integration Core- National MCH Workforce Development Center JEANNINE HERRICK

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#### Other than food Urban population Urban food demand and urban space Urban food availability R3 Organization of the food supply and distribution food policy at urban system and rural level crop and livestock production or processing roads and infrastructures congestion

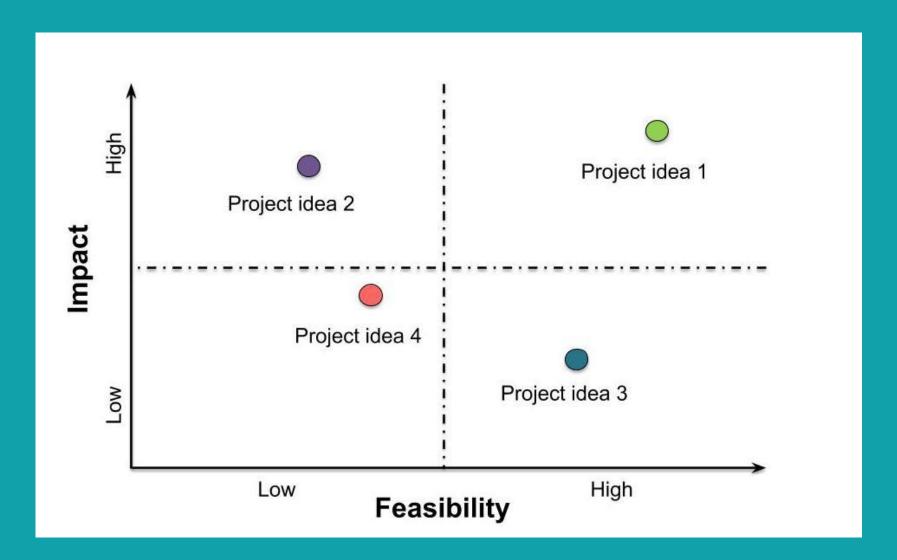
## Causal Loop Diagramming

Systems Integration Core-National MCH Workforce Development Center

Image credit Researchgate.net



### Concept Mapping and Impact Matrix





# Session 5: Planning for Upstream Impacts

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#### The overfocus on downstream efforts





## Why is this so hard?

- More political
- More controversial
- Less scientific



# More political





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#### More controversial



Dorfman, Sorenson, and Wallack

#### Advocacy- who me?



Dorfman, Sorenson, & Wallack

Photo credit: thetacomaledger.com



#### Less scientific



Dorfman, Sorenson, and Wallack



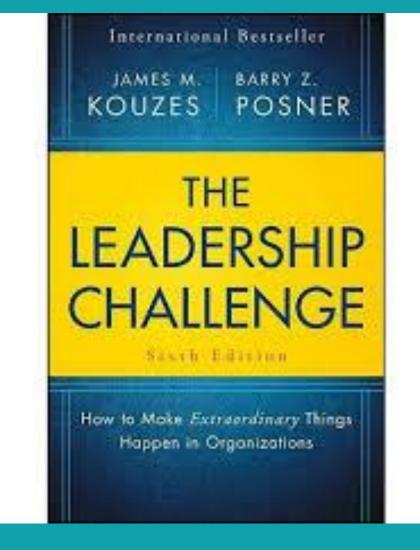
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## Why is this REALLY hard?



# Leading

- ✓ Model the way
- ✓Inspire a shared vision
- ✓ Challenge the process
- ✓ Enable others to act
- ✓ Encourage the heart





## Shifting Upstream Challenges

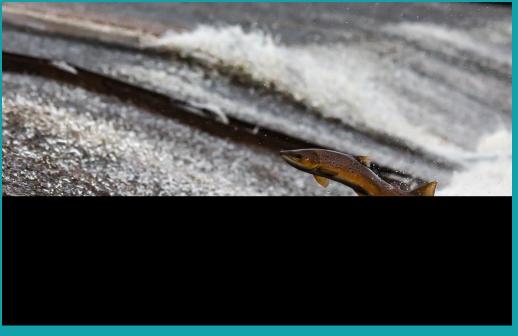
• It's different

Use new approaches to planning and

problem solving

Communicating

- Application
- Evaluation





## Tips for Shifting Upstream

- Ask questions from curiosity
- Engage the end users and advocates
- Wear a "prevention lens" hat, proudly
- Be patient.... results take longer
- Celebrate small wins
- Build in lots of reflection



## From Downstream to Upstream



- WHO
- WHAT
- WHERE
- WHY
- HOW



#### For more information

#### **MCH Navigator**

System Mapping Video Series

https://www.mchnavigator.org/transformation/resources/s/system-mapping-video-series.php

MCH Mini-course in Resiliency and Adaptive Leadership

https://www.mchnavigator.org/transformation/minimodule-resilience.php

